Abstract

People, who shifted their lifestyles from hunter-gatherer societies to settled lives dominated by agricultural activities, first began to live in villages and then in cities. The concepts 'to govern' and 'to be governed' began to appear in time among the crowded population settled in cities. Clergy members became administrators in the Mesopotamian city-states where the urbanization first started. The clergy members having a hierarchy in their own merits, owing to the organized structure brought about by the religious belief in the first periods of humanity, formed a temple-centered administration system. When secular governors supported by the armies appeared in cities, the clergy members had been ruling, struggles began between these two social classes. In this paper, it will discuss the struggle between secular governors and clergy members who had taken over in the first Mesopotamian city-states, focusing on the Urukagina and Akhenaton samples.

Keywords

Mesopotamia, city-states, urbanization, Ancient Egypt, Urukagina

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The power struggle between government officials and clergymen in the ancient history. Ercüment Yildirim. Published: 10 October 2017. by Institute of Archaeology and Art History. in JOURNAL OF ANCIENT HISTORY AND ARCHAEOLOGY. JOURNAL OF ANCIENT HISTORY AND ARCHAEOLOGY, Volume 4; doi:10.14795/j.v4i3.268. Publisher Website. Google Scholar. The power struggle between the pope and the emperor added to the heat of this conflict. The citizenry always sided with the emperor while the clergy took sides with the pope. … Three years later, his brother John Ernest the Younger promoted him to Colonel. Later that year, a power struggle between the brothers escalated for political reasons. … Viktor Yushchenko suspended the decree and postponed date of the election in order to have approved legislation on elections, the opposition, and the operation of Parliament. In the center, it appears as though there is a power struggle between rugged figures. There is one power trying to overcome the other. … There follows a power struggle between the local military authorities and the administrators.